
Financial statements of Teen Challenge Canada Inc.

December 31, 2022

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To the Board of Directors of Teen Challenge Canada Inc.:

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Teen Challenge Canada Inc. (the "Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Organization derives revenue from the general public in the form of donations and fundraising, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the year ended December 31, 2022, and net assets. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

MNP LLP

London, Ontario
June 23, 2023

Chartered Professional Accountants

Licensed Public Accountants

Teen Challenge Canada Inc.**Statement of operations**

year ended December 31, 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Revenues			
Donations and fundraising		12,707,373	13,568,402
Contract work and retail sales		63,597	31,322
Entrance fees		180,000	181,850
Other	12	78,997	583,370
		13,029,967	14,364,944
Expenses			
Personnel costs		8,315,791	7,673,980
Program costs			
Facilities and equipment		1,719,263	1,622,875
Other program costs		1,386,851	1,075,559
Fundraising costs		1,142,895	862,113
Administration, financial and interest		599,544	487,442
		13,164,344	11,721,969
Excess of expenses over revenues before the undernoted		(134,377)	2,642,975
Gain on sale of capital assets		(34,178)	(71,956)
Amortization		1,410,156	1,363,228
Excess of expenses over revenues		(1,510,355)	1,351,703

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Teen Challenge Canada Inc.
Statement of change in net assets
year ended December 31, 2022

	Investment in capital assets \$	Endowment fund \$	Accumulated surplus \$	Total \$
Note				
Balance, December 31, 2021	6,528,142	597,785	1,632,045	8,757,972
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	(106,735)	—	(1,403,620)	(1,510,355)
Decrease of debt principal, net	(19,103)	—	19,103	—
Additions to deferred capital contributions	(1,093,000)	—	1,093,000	—
Additions to capital assets, net of disposals	1,364,858	—	(1,364,858)	—
Loss recorded directly in endowment fund	—	(23,703)	—	(23,703)
Additions to designated cash	(164,513)	—	164,513	—
Transfer between funds	—	(27,236)	27,236	—
Balance, December 31, 2022	6,509,649	546,846	167,419	7,223,914

	Investment in capital assets \$	Endowment Fund \$	Accumulated surplus \$	Total \$
Balance, December 31, 2020	5,683,370	500,850	1,125,114	7,309,334
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	449,241	—	902,462	1,351,703
Increase of debt principal, net	397,396	—	(397,396)	—
Additions to deferred capital contributions	(1,918,000)	—	1,918,000	—
Additions to capital assets, net of disposals	2,090,384	—	(2,090,384)	—
Additions to designated cash	(174,249)	—	174,249	—
Endowment fund income	—	96,935	—	96,935
Balance, December 31, 2021	6,528,142	597,785	1,632,045	8,757,972

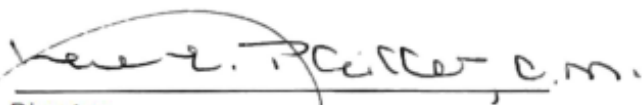
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Teen Challenge Canada Inc.
Statement of financial position
as at December 31, 2022

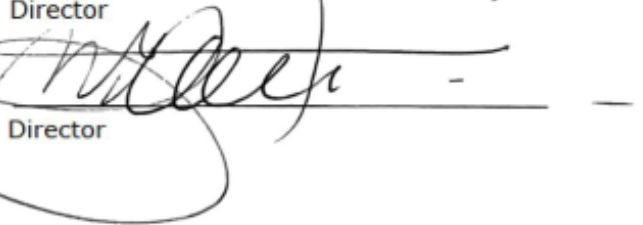
	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		346,603	2,072,165
Accounts receivable - trade and other receivables		758,053	607,935
Government remittance receivable		84,951	65,818
Prepaid expenses		75,577	54,250
Inventory		33,390	32,798
		1,298,574	2,832,966
Designated cash	3	1,070,985	1,235,498
Marketable securities	4	508,434	442,637
Capital assets	5	22,262,825	22,273,944
		25,140,818	26,785,045
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,092,741	1,045,770
Current portion of long-term debt	7	2,453,552	2,242,435
		3,546,293	3,288,205
Deferred capital contributions	6	12,234,280	12,410,523
Long-term debt	7	2,136,331	2,328,345
		17,916,904	18,027,073
Commitments	9		
Net assets			
Investment in capital assets		6,509,649	6,528,142
Endowment fund	4	546,846	597,785
Accumulated surplus		167,419	1,632,045
		7,223,914	8,757,972
		25,140,818	26,785,045

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Approved by the Board



Director



Director

Teen Challenge Canada Inc.**Statement of cash flows**

year ended December 31, 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Operating activities			
Excess of expenses over revenues		(1,510,355)	1,351,703
Items not affecting cash			
Amortization of capital assets		1,410,156	1,363,228
Gain on sale of capital assets		(34,178)	(71,956)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		(1,269,243)	(1,740,513)
Changes in non-cash working capital components	8	(144,199)	5,740
		(1,547,819)	908,202
Investing activities			
Decrease in designated cash	3	164,513	174,249
Purchase of capital assets		(1,485,783)	(2,316,450)
Additions to deferred contributions		1,093,000	1,918,000
Proceeds on sale of capital assets		120,924	226,066
		(107,346)	1,865
Financing activities			
Net change in Endowment fund (net of transfers)		(23,703)	96,935
Net change in marketable securities		(65,797)	58,213
Increase (decrease) of debt principal, net		19,103	(397,396)
		(70,397)	(242,248)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(1,725,562)	667,819
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,072,165	1,404,346
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year		346,603	2,072,165

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

1. Description of the organization

Teen Challenge Canada Inc. (the "Organization") is incorporated as a not-for-profit organization and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act, registration No. B/N 10806-6663-RR-0001. The Organization does not receive any ongoing operational government funding. The Organization provides residential rehabilitation to men and women with drug and alcohol related problems including spiritual, vocational and academic training. The head office is located in London, Ontario with offices in Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Calgary, Alberta and residential facilities in Priddis, Alberta, Allan, Saskatchewan, Hague, Saskatchewan, London, Ontario, Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario, King City, Ontario, Renfrew, Ontario, Memramcook, New Brunswick, St. John's Newfoundland, and a residential facility under development in Sudbury, Ontario.

2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook and include the following significant accounting policies:

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when they are received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Endowment contributions are recognized as direct increases in net assets.

Donations and fundraising funds are recorded when the cash is received. No amounts have been recognized for pledged donations.

Contract work and retail sales revenues are recognized as revenue when the services are performed.

Entrance fees are non-refundable and recognized as revenue in the year in which they are received

Donations in kind

Certain individuals and organizations contribute to the Organization by donating services or products rather than cash. Donations of \$2,532,023 (2021 - \$3,830,849) were received during the current year and are recorded in the financial statements at fair market value as donations in kind and include capital assets, inventory for resale, food, material, and donated vehicles.

Financial instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

Related party financial instruments are measured at cost on initial recognition. When the financial instrument has repayment terms, cost is determined using the undiscounted cash flows, excluding interest, dividend, variable and contingent payments, less any impairment losses previously recognized by the transferor. When the financial instrument does not have repayment terms, but the consideration transferred has repayment terms, cost is determined based on the repayment terms of the consideration transferred. When the financial instrument and the consideration transferred both do not have repayment terms, the cost is equal to the carrying or exchange amount of the consideration transferred or received.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

The Organization subsequently measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for bonds, common shares and other marketable securities quoted in an active market, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and accounts receivable. Financial assets measured at fair value include mutual funds. GIC investments are measured at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair market value.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

Transaction costs related to financial instruments measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are expensed as incurred. Transaction costs related to other financial instruments are added to the carrying value of the asset or netted against the carrying value of the liability and are then recognized over the expected life of the instrument using the straight-line method. Any premium or discount related to an instrument measured at amortized cost is amortized over the expected life of the item using the straight-line method and recognized in net earnings as interest income or expense.

With respect to financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Organization recognizes in net earnings an impairment loss, if any, when there are indicators of impairment and it determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows. When the extent of impairment of a previously written-down asset decreases and the decrease can be related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed to net earnings in the period the reversal occurs.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Inventory

Inventory held for resale through the vehicle donation program is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the specified unit basis.

Impairment of long-lived assets

When a capital asset no longer has any long-term service potential to the Organization, the excess of its net carrying amount over any residual value is recognized as an expense in the statement of operations.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost except for donations of vehicles, equipment, land, and buildings which are donated to the Organization at no cost and are recorded at fair market value at the time of the donation as determined by qualified appraisers. Amortization is based on their estimated useful life using the following methods and rates:

Buildings	Diminishing balance	5%
Property improvements	Diminishing balance	20%
Equipment		
Shop equipment	Diminishing balance	10%
Equipment	Diminishing balance	20%
Computer equipment	Diminishing balance	20%
Vehicles	Diminishing balance	30%

Deferred capital contributions

Deferred capital contributions are deferred and amortized over the life of the related capital asset.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standard for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates have been made in determining the estimated useful life of capital assets, the net realizable value of unsold vehicles to determine inventory write-offs, and accrued liabilities. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

3. Designated cash

Designated cash represents donations designated by their donors for specific projects or uses not yet completed at year-end. Included in designated cash is restricted cash relating to the endowment fund of \$75,692 (2021 - \$155,148).

4. Marketable Securities

The organization has invested its endowment fund in a portfolio of marketable securities. Marketable securities are recorded at fair value. On June 30, 2022, the endowment income became available for use subject to policy restrictions. \$27,236 was available for use in fiscal 2022 and transferred out of the endowment fund.

5. Capital assets

	Cost	Accumulated amortization	2022 Net book value	2021 Net book value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	3,420,589	—	3,420,589	3,420,589
Buildings	24,246,142	7,141,817	17,104,325	17,336,824
Property improvements	199,985	146,501	53,484	66,855
Equipment	2,403,345	2,156,694	246,651	283,241
Computer equipment	1,634,028	1,356,200	277,828	338,868
Vehicles	2,061,953	1,220,176	841,777	675,793
Construction in progress	318,171	—	318,171	151,774
	34,284,213	12,021,388	22,262,825	22,273,944

6. Deferred capital contributions

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized amount of donations received for the purchase of capital assets. These amounts are not subject to repayment and are recorded only to achieve a matching of revenues with the future associated depreciation of the capital assets. The amortization of deferred capital contributions is recorded within the donations and fundraising amount on the Statement of Operations.

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Balance, beginning of year	12,410,523	12,233,036
Contributions received for capital purposes	1,093,000	1,918,000
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(1,269,243)	(1,740,513)
	12,234,280	12,410,523

In 2015, the Organization launched a Campaign to raise funds for construction of new centres and expansions to current centers. 93% (2021 – 93%) of the balance of deferred capital contributions is related to this capital campaign.

7. Long-term debt

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Loans and mortgages payable, bearing interest from 0.0% to 6.5%, collateralized by various land, buildings, certain equipment and vehicles with a net book value of \$11,411,126, due at various dates, up to December 30, 2027	4,381,197	4,317,136
Loan payable, due December 1, 2026, bearing interest at 3.95%, covered by a general security agreement	162,817	200,000
Loans payable, unsecured, due on demand with no fixed maturity date, bearing interest at 7.0%	21,000	21,000
Mortgage payable, due February 1, 2026, bearing interest at 1.9%, collateralized by the property in Allan, SK with a net book value of \$616,335	25,140	32,644
Total debt	4,590,154	4,570,780
Current portion	2,453,552	2,242,435
	2,136,602	2,328,345

The total interest paid on the long-term debt totaled \$221,864 (2021 - \$209,462).

7. Long-term debt (continued)

Principal payments required in each of the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	\$
2023	2,453,552
2024	967,749
2025	447,412
2026	389,587
2027	205,854
Thereafter	126,000
	<u>4,590,154</u>

8. Changes in non-cash working capital components

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Accounts receivable - trade and other receivables	(140,118)	31,178
Prepaid expenses	(21,327)	26,650
Inventory	(592)	(14,308)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	46,970	52,460
Government remittances payable	(19,133)	(90,240)
	<u>(134,200)</u>	<u>5,740</u>

9. Commitments

The Organization leases offices and office equipment under various operating leases that expire in 2022 to 2027. Future lease payments aggregate \$1,308,267 and include the following amounts payable over the next five years:

	\$
2023	397,191
2024	330,050
2025	312,164
2026	241,516
2027	27,346
	<u>1,308,267</u>

10. Financial instruments

Interest rate risk

The long-term debt generally bears interest at fixed rates. Consequently, the cash flow exposure is not significant.

Liquidity risk

The Organization's objective is to have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Organization monitors its cash balances and cash flows generated from operations to meet its requirements. As at December 31, 2022, the most significant financial liabilities are accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

11. Pledges

The Organization has been named as a beneficiary of certain life insurance. The residual value of the life insurance will be recorded in the financial statements when the proceeds are received by the Organization. The amount is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

12. Government assistance

During the prior year, the Organization received government assistance related to COVID-19.

The Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy ("CEWS") is available to certain eligible employers who have experienced a decline in eligible revenue compared to a previous period (baseline revenue). Employers may be eligible to receive a wage subsidy if they meet certain criteria as determined by the Federal Government of Canada.

The Canada Emergency Rent Subsidy ("CERS") is available to certain eligible employers who have experienced a decline in eligible revenue compared to a previous period (baseline revenue). Employers may be eligible to receive a subsidy to cover part of their commercial rent or property expenses.

Included in other revenue for the year ended December 31, 2022 is \$Nil (\$384,996 in 2021) of CEWS and \$Nil (\$57,345 in 2021) of CERS.

13. Financial information return for purposes of the Charitable Fundraising Act

Under Section 7(2) of the Alberta *Charitable Fund-raising Act*, the following amounts are disclosed in addition to those disclosures reflected elsewhere in the financial statements. The following amounts are disclosed in respect to the Organization's operations in Alberta.

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Gross contributions received, exclusive of government contributions	1,751,379	1,960,110
Total direct expenses incurred for soliciting contributions	146,141	115,975
Remuneration to employees whose principal duties involved fundraising	196,756	193,381